

U.G. 4th Semester Examination - 2020**MEDIA STUDIES****[GENERIC ELECTIVE]****Course Code : MSDH-GE-T-4(A&B)**

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2½ Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.***Answer all the questions from selected Option.****OPTION-A****MSDH-GE-T-4A****(Political Science)**1. Answer any **ten** questions : $2 \times 10 = 20$

- a) Define class.
- b) What is patriarchy?
- c) State the composition of National Commission for Minorities.
- d) What is meant by 'Citizenship Rights'?
- e) What is globalisation?
- f) Who are the adivasis?
- g) Define human rights.

- h) What is the purpose of the National Commission for Women?
- i) What is ethnicity?
- j) Who are the dalits?
- k) Who are known as migrant labourers?
- l) What is bio-diversity?
- m) Define dowry.
- n) Mention the characteristics of caste.
- o) What is the difference between sex and gender?

2. Answer any **four** questions: $5 \times 4 = 20$

- a) What is meant by Sustainable Development? What role the UN has in it?
- b) Write a short note on the human rights movements in India.
- c) What is industrial pollution? How can we prevent it?
- d) What is the significance of the UN Declaration of Human Rights?
- e) Discuss, in brief, the importance of The Consumer Protection Act in India.
- f) What is meant by social inequality? Is it natural or artificial?

- g) What are the characteristics of marginalized groups?

3. Answer any **two** questions : $10 \times 2 = 20$

- a) Discuss the nature of women's movements in post-independence India.
- b) Discuss the composition and functions of the National Human Rights Commission of India.
- c) Examine the impact of globalisation on workers and employment in India.
- d) Discuss the constitutional provisions for the protection of human rights of the Scheduled castes in India.

OPTION-B
MSDH-GE-T-4B
(Sociology)

1. Answer any **ten** of the following questions:

$2 \times 10 = 20$

- a) Differentiate between kinship systems in North and South India.
- b) Discuss 'habit' as a property of love.
- c) Discuss the changing patterns of family in modern India.
- d) What are some alternatives to family?
- e) How did urbanisation impact family pattern?
- f) Differentiate between two types of marriage based on residence.
- g) Discuss preferential marriages.
- h) State two functions of family.
- i) Discuss difference between house and household.
- j) Is family a natural community?
- k) Elaborate on serial monogamy.
- l) Discuss two rules of descent.

2. Answer any **four** questions : $5 \times 4 = 20$

- a) Discuss divorce and remarriage.
- b) What is step- parenting?
- c) What are the features of *Sampradan*?
- d) Discuss the features of love , with special reference to the Tamil case study of anpu.
- e) Elaborate the causes of divorce.
- f) State some elements of marriage.
- g) Explain the relationship between *Prem* and *Bhakti*.
- h) Differentiate between hypergamy and hypogamy.

3. Answer any **two** question of the following:

$10 \times 2 = 20$

- a) Examine the relationship between contemporary trends in marriage and changing form of family, with special reference to the arguments of Anthony Giddens on marriage and family.
- b) Is straight to Gay as family is to no-family?
- c) How do the rules of descent and alliance in kinship differ from each other? Illustrate.

d) Examine 'patriarchal bargain' as gendered division of work in contemporary India.
